THE DISPATCH FOUNDED 1850.

RICHMOND, VA. FRIDAY, JANUARY 11, 1907.

J. D. EGGLESTON,

Committee Said to Be Preparing

RADICAL CHANGES

Report Recommending Improvement, of Facilities.

Location of Present Hospital Re-

garded as Too Isolated for

Prompt Attention to Calls.

nion G. Williams, chairman of the sub-

Relief of the Poor, now inquiring into

conditions at the City Hospital, is im-

pressed with the need of an emergency

hospital in this city. Indeed, it is likely that an effort will be made to secure

the abandonment of the plan to spend

\$56,000 for the construction of a negro

almshouse and to recommend instead an

sories for emergency treatment of acc

dents, wounds and injuries is inadequate

and that the location is too isolated and

and that the location is too isolated and remote for prompt attention to be afforded in such cases. The subcommittee has concluded the taking of testimony, and is endeavoring to agree upon the report which it will present to the full committee. A meeting was held Wednesday afternoon and the details of the report wars discussed but no agreement was

were discussed, but no agreement was

The report of this special committee will recommend radical charge

complete discipline. Whether the econo-mies recommended will extend to dis-

mies recommended will extend to dis-pensing with the services of some of the present employes and the combining of the duties of two or more cannot be stated positively, but it is believed that some such recommendation will be made, It is over these points that the sub-committee finds it difficult to agree.

Charged with Murderous Assault Upon Captain

Macklin.

WASHINGTON, January 10,-Secretary Taft has telegraphed Brigadier-Genera MacCaskey, commanding the Department of Texas, with headquarters at San An

NEGRO CORPORAL

TO COURT-MARTIAL

ntendent of Public Instruction, as he appeared before the Book Committee yesterday.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## GORDON IS MADE HEAD OF CHAMBER

Elected President At Annual Meeting of Body Held Yesterday.

## NOTABLE SHOWING MADE IN REPORT

Richmond Organization Will Become Member of Rivers and Harbors Congress - Mr. Leigh's Admirable Summary of Year's Work.

The Chamber of Commerce of Richmond yesterday held its annual meeteding and heard the ringing report of the retiring president, Mr. Egbert G. Leigh, Jr., and later elected Mr. James R. Gordon president for the ensuing term, the choice being made by acclamation. Secretary Richard A. Dunlop and Treasurer John H. Montague were re-elected by acclamation. A nominating committee recommended the other officers, and their action was confirmed with equal unanterior was confirmed with equal unan-

Leigh, Jr., and later elected Mr. James R. Gordon president for the ensuing term, the choice being made by acclamation. Secretary Richard A. Dunlop and Treasurer John H. Montague were re-elected by acclamation. A nominating committee recommended the other officers, and their action was confirmed with equal unanimity.

The following is the list of additional officers and directors: First Vice-President, Mr. Mr. E. Trank D. Williams; Second officers, and directors: First Vice-President, Mr. Mr. C. Patterson; Direct rs., old members re-elected: Mr. James E. Cannon, Mr. S. Dabney Crentshaw, Mr. B. H. Ellington, Mr. C. Babney Crentshaw, Mr. B. H. Ellington, Mr. C. Herbert, Shaw, Mr. John M. Miller, Jr., Mr. L. O. Millerr-Mr. John Garland Pollard, Mr. L. O. Millers, Mr. John Garland Pollard, Mr. J. Marcuss, Mr. John M. Miller, Jr., Mr. L. O. Millers-Mr. John Garland Pollard, Mr. Mr. G. Robson, Mr. Mr. Gaines had cead excerpts from the record in relation to the withholding of pay in the Fifty-third Congress, and the part Mr. Mahon rose. He explained how, in the Fifty-third and the Fifty-fifth Congresses, he had had \$7,000 due him, and that the Charles of the chardson, Mr. E. C. Laird, Mr. L. C. Younger.

Mr. George Bran was recommended to the Council as a member on behalf to the Council as a member of the council as a member on behalf to the Council as a member of the council as a member of the council as a member of the council as a mem

to the Council as a member on behalf of the business interests of the city of ommittee on the Improvement of River, to fill the vacancy caused ineligibility of the formerly re-nded member.

### Other Matters.

Other Matters.

On motion of Mr. O. R. Funsten, supported in earnest endorsements by Captain John Landstreet and Mr. John C. Freeman, the chamber determined to apply at once for membership in the National Rivers and Hardors Congress. On motion of former President Henry Landon Cabell, the chamber determined to appoint delegates to the National Convention for the Extension of the Foreign Commerce of the United States, to be held at Washington, D. C. January 14th.

Mr. Robert Lecky, Jr., then offered two resolutions, which were adopted, looking to a larger attendance of members and more general activity on their part in the work of the chamber, in view of the opportunities incident to the Jamestown Tercentenary and the Jamestown Exposition, and with the object of securing a full attendance at the next quarrerly meeting of the chamber in April The following new members were elected: W. C. Smith and Son, George C. White and Son, J. O. Grasberger, A. Myer's Sons, all carriage and wagon mannfacturers; A. B. Carke and Son, C. B. Harper, hardware dealers, proposed by Charles G. Bosher; United States Tohaco Company, Hon, George Wayne Anderson, attorney at law; Virginia Plumbing and Heating Company, all proposed by the committee on membership; Eichel and Company, plumbers' supplies, proposed by Mr. f. J. Marcuse; Joseph P. Sadler, attorney at law, proposed by Judge George L. Christian; J. H. Capers and Son, merchandise brokers; F. W. Laughton and Company, insurance, proposed by Mr. J. C. Freeman.

## Report of President Leigh.

was as follows:

For ten years the country has been rapidly increasing in wealth. Since 1900 this progress has been by leaps and bounds. Each year has effaced the title of the preceding one to the claim of being the most prosperous in our history. The figures that measure this movement, and which make 1906 without a rival in the production of wealth, are bewildering in their size—almost beyond our comprehension. The products of three sources—the farms, the mines and manufacturing—in 1906 amounted to nearly twenty-five was as follows:

→in 1906 amounted to nearly twenty-fly
and a half billions of dollars, an increas and a half billions of dollars, an increase over the preceding year of slightly less than four billion seven hundred million dollars, or twenty-two and a half per cent: an increase over 1900 of ten billion four hundred million dollars, or nearly seventy per cent, while the yield from these three sources in 1800 was more than doubled last year.

than doubled last year.

Our foreign commerce in 1906 amounted to two billion nine hundred and seventy million dollars, exceeding 1900 by seven hundred and twenty-six million dollars. This unprecedented production is reflected in the growth of transportation tonnage, in bank clearances, deposits, loans, surplus and undivided profits, bank assets, building trades—indeed, in every branch of business, and in greatly intreased value of farm and city property. The railroads, notwithstanding vast ex-

branch of business, and in greatly increased value of farm and city property. The railroads, notwithstanding vast expenditures in double tracking, improving their roadbeds, strengthening bridges, refucing curves and grades, greatly increasing the number and size of their fars, the number and power of their earlies, so as to largely increase the carrying capacity of their trans, are simply staggering under the demands made on them. Mile tons of freight increased fourteen billions in 1905 over 1904; the lacrease for last year over 1905 is estimated as still larger, and the increase from 1900 to 1905 is placed at alghteen per cent.—larger than the total far 1882. While time does not admit of an exhaustive analysis, by sections, of the Egures that show the material progress of the United States during last year, it is interesting to note that the South floue contributed over 40 per cent. of the total of farm products, and actually added two billion six hundred and additional miles of railroad. The figures for the whole country for 1906 are not it hand; but during that year the South built over three thousand miles. The foregoing figures become more impressions.

(Continued on Third Page.)

## CONGRESS HAS WAR OF WORDS

Messrs, Gaines, and Mahon Engage in Vituperation.

## THE WORD "LIE" PASSES FREELY

Personal Encounter Averted by Friends-House in an Uproar. The Speaker is Powerless, Dove of Peace Finally Alights-Curtain Falls

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 10 .-The House late to-day took on the appearance of the closing days of the Fifty. fifth Congress, commonly known as the "war Congress," when altercations be

"Any man who charges me with being away from this House & per cent. of the time tells an untruth."

Mr. Gaines started down the aisle from his seat. "No man can tell me I lie," exclaimed the Tennessean.

Then Mr. Mann, of Illinois, who was in thebalation.

exclaimed the Tennessean.

Then Mr. Mann, of Illnois, who was in the chair, took a hand in the altercation. Both men were ordered to their seats, Mr. Mahon obeying the command, while Mr. Gaines stood two scats away from the centre of the chamber shaking both fist and head at the Pennsylvanian.

When order had been restored, Mr. Mahon again arose. Having been cautioned by the choir that it was against the rules to address a member in the second person, he measured his words, saying he would speak in the "fourth person." He then said:

"The charge of the gentleman from Tennessee that I am away from this House ninety-five per cent, of my time is a deliberate falsehood!"

With a rush Mr. Gaines reached the centre of the chamber, making directly toward the gentleman from Pennsylvania, insisting as he went that no man could call him a liar without personal chastisement.

The House was in an uproar by this

tisement.

The House was in an uproar by this time, the chair adding to the noise, if not to the confusion, by pounding the desk with his gavel. His efforts finally caused the head of the gavel to fly off, and it bounded into the body of the House, almost striking one of the members.

The rush of Mr. Gaines upon his adversary brought a dozen members before the Speaker's desk. Messrs. Ollie James, of Kentucky; Taylor, of Alabama. Bell, of Georgia; Williams, of Mississippi, the minority leader, and Stafford, of Wysconsin, grabbed Mr. Gaines, who, resist-

consin. grabbed Mr. Gaines, who, resisting vigorously, was borne back to his sent. Mr. Mahon, standing in the first alse on the Republican side, seemed to wait for the impact, which never came. With Mr. Gaines back in his seat, the Pennsylvanian continued his speech of explanation as to how he came to be remssivarian continued his speech of explanation as to how he came to be connected with the invoking of an old statute compelling members to forfett pay for time absent from the House. He said that the charge that he was away from the House ninety-five per cent, of the time was a lie on its face, and that he was there ninety-five per cent. of the time, as every member who cared to linquire could ascertain.

Mr. Lacey, of Iowa, had vead the statute relating to the docking of members' pay, and he was followed by Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, who explained the reasons for the statute. Mr. DeArmond, of Missouri, asked that the minority views of the judiclary committee on the statute be printed.

Blessed Are the Peacemakers.

Blessed Are the Peacemakers. While this colloquy was in progress the friends of Messrs. Gaines and Mahon were engaged in an effort to bring about

(Continued on Third Page.)

## YOUNG MAN DIES UNDER LOCOMOTIVE

Trying to Jump Train, and Missing Footing, Fell-Body Badly Mangled.

Special to The Times-Dispatch.

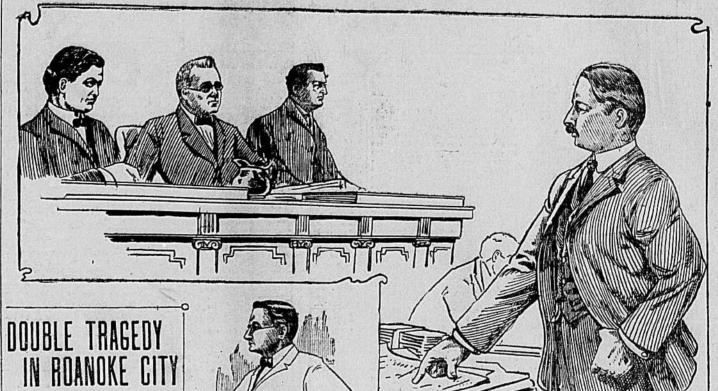
DURHAM, N. C., January 10.—Earl Lyan, a young man, fourceen years of age, was instantly killed this marning by the Seaboard shifting engline on the lower part of the yards in the city limit. Young Joynn attempted to jump a freight train so it passed and missed the step, failing beneath the wheels. The train was running rather slow, backing cars out to the main line, and run only a faw yards after the necident, but the wheels passed directly over the centre of the body, crushing him beyond recognition. Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lyan, his parents, reside in the dastern part of the city. The young man was returning to his home when the accident occurred.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., January 10.—Albert Lindsay was frightened to death and two men were severely burned by an expected years of the years of the main she had were burned about the face and body by the hot metal, which few over the needlent, but the wheels passed directly over the centre of the body, crushing him beyond recognition. Mr. and Mrs. Was picked up unconscious and was taken to a hospital with the injured men, where it was found he was dead. He was forty-eight years old.

NO DISTRICT BUILDING

## NO JAPANESE FLEET

## STATE LIBRARIAN KENNEDY MAKING LENGTHY STATEMENT BEFORE COMMITTEE CONDUCTING BOOK INVESTIGATION



Man Crazed with Love Shoots Married Woman-His First Cousin.

## HE WAS A LETTER-WRITER

Left Two, One to His Mother and Other to Husband of Murdered Woman.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
ROANOKE, VA., January 10.—Crazed
with love for his first cousin, Mrs. F. W. Murray, a married woman with five children, Wallace Mays, of Staunton, today shot and killed her, and then turned the gun on himself and buried a bullet in his brain.

in his brain.

The double tragedy occurred at the home of the Murrays, in the northwest section of the city. Mrs. Murray was sweeping the floor while her husband was asleep upaturs. Her sister. Miss Lelia Witt, was reading when Mays walked in. He told Mrs. Murray that he had something of importance to tell her, and then remarking, "It is time for you to die," shot her, the ball entering the temple on the left side. She fell dying and then Mays shot himself. The woman fell with her body across the doorslil between the dining-room and kitchen. while Mays fell in the kitchen by the between the dining-room and kitchen, while Mays fell in the kitchen by the

stove.
Miss Witt ran upstairs and arous Mr. Murray, and went home screaming. The husband was frantic with grief, and moaned "Oh, my poor children! What will become of them!" and remained in that state all the afternoon.

## Wrote Letters.

In the pockets of Mays was found let-ters addressed to the husband and his mother in Staunton. To his mother he

"I am gone, and I have a good "I am gone, and I have a good reason for it. You know. I love her better than myself. I love her and she afforded me all the happiness I asked for. She never got mad. No man ever lived who had a wife who would do that for him. I was happy until the last month. My request is hury me in Roangoke beside Etita. my bury me in Roa darling. You will reach Heaven, but I am lost,"

The letter to the husband was in the same strain, telling of the love for the wife, and praying God to bless him and

the children.

The sister of the dead woman states that about two weeks ago her sister awoke to find Mays bending over her, and he then told her he intended to kill her. The husband made him leave the heard of the weeks and he week heardling in the neigh-

her. The husband made him leave the house, and he was boarding in the neighborhood when the tragedy occurred. In one of his pockets four empty morphine bottles were found. Mays came here from Staunton about two months ago and Mr. Murray got him a position in the West End shops, which he quit about a week are.

about a week ago.

The Murrays and Witts had the body of the murderer taken out of the house as soon as possible. The undertaker has wired to the family in Staunton as to the disposition to be made of the re-

## SCARED TO DEATH BY MOLTEN METAL

Two Men Burned and Onlooker Dropped Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., January 10.— Albert Lindsay was frightened to death and two men were severely burned by an explosion of motten metal in the finish-

FOR THE EXPOSITION FOR JAMESTOWN
TOISIO, January 10.—The Japanese government has decided that on account of anti-Japanese agliation on the Pacific coast, the training squadron will not visit the Pacific coast, but will go as far as Honolulu only.

WASHINGTON, January 10.—By almost unanimous vote the House Committee on the District of Columbia to-day decided to lay on the table and postpone indefinitely consideration of the bill attracted to the Pacific coast, but will go as far as Honolulu only.

## HARGIS TRIAL BLOCKED BY MOB

Courtroom Crowded with Men Armed with Revolvers and Ready to Shoot. "

JUDGE ASKS FOR TROOPS

Attorney for Defense Afraid to Appear on Street-Trial Will Be Stopped.

FRANKFORT, KY., January 10 .- Attor new B. P. Jouett, counsel for the prosecution in the Hargis trial at Jackson Ky., reached here this afternoon for the purpose of securing from the Court of Appeals a writ of prohibition to restrain Appeals a writ of prohibition to restrain Special Judge Carnes from proceeding further with the trial. He says that a dozen men now at Jackson are in danger of being shot down before State troops can be gotten there, and that blood will certainly flow if the trial is proceeded with. His request was granted by the court because of the conditions at Jackson and Judge Carnes has been instructed to stop the trial.

Special Judge Carnes is trying James Hargis, Edward Callahan, John Smith and John Abner for the assassination of Dr. D. B. Cox, at Jackson, Breathitt county, four years ago.

Late last night he wired Goyernor Beckham, asking that fifty soldiers be sent to guard him against assassination. Judge Carnes says his life is in danger, civil authorities being powerless to protect him Jackson is filled with armed

civil authorities being powerle tect him. Jackson is filled with armed

alminouse and to recommend instead an emergency hospital, properly equipped and centrally located, so as to be available in cases of accident.

The matter came up in connection with the investigation of conditions at the City Home and Hospital, which is being conducted by a subcommittee in executive session. It is said that the subcommittee will report that the facilities and accessories for emergency treatment of acci-Governor Beckham has sent Adjutant General Lawrence and State Inspector Hines to Jackson to investigate the git-uation there before ordering out the militia upon request of Judge Carnes.

Asks for Troops.
LEXINGTON, KY., January 10.—A special from Jackson says:
Judge Carnes held a session of court for fifteen minutes this afternoon. He said he would hold a short session tosaid he would hold a short session tomorrow. He also announced that he had
asked for troops to protect himself and
attorneys in the case. Neither Hargis
nor his attorneys, W. A. Young or J. J.
C. Bach, appeared in court,
The cause of the trouble is the same
that has brought about all previous
trouble—the feud between the Hargis faction and their opponents—the incidents of
last night and to-day revolving about the
trall of former County Judge James Har-

The report of this special committee will recommend radical changes at the home and many economies in its internal administration. Already many suggestions of the committee have been acted upon at the home, and a better system has been established with more complete discipling. Whether the cases trail of former County Judge James Har gis and former Sheriff Edward Callahan, on the charge of murdering Dr. Cox four years ago. The jury in the case has not been selected, as it has been found impossible to secure twelve men from Breathitt county, who are not afraid to pass judgment upon their fellow-townsman and most powerful citizen. The people of Jackson want the trial removed from Jackson as far as possible.

Jackson is filled, with mountain men gis and former Sheriff Edward Callahan,

Jackson is filled with mountain men fully armed. Attorney W. A. Young, who is conducting the defense, is greatly alarmed and will not venture on the

twenty men armed with revolvers were lined up on each side of the courtroom.

### POSTMASTER PLEADS GUILTY TO SHORTAGE

ALBANY, GA., January 10-J. F. Wilson, postmaster at Poulan, Ga., was sentenced to-day to one year's imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$250. He pleaded guilty to a shortage in his office ac-

### THAW TRIAL SET FOR JANUARY 21ST

of Texas, with headquarters at San Antonio, to try at once by court-marial Coronral Knowles, Company A, Twenty-fifth Infantry, colored, who is now under arrest at El Reno, on a charge of having murderously assaulted Captain Macklin, of that regiment. This action was taken by the Secretary upon representations by General MacCaskey that, owing to a defect in the territorial law, no provision is made for the crimo of at tempted murder, and that the only way of punishing Knowles, if he is guilty of the assault, is through a court-marting NEW YORK January 10.—An order for a special panel in the case of Harry K. Thaw, charged with the murder of Stanford White, was signed by Justice Fitzgerald in the Supreme Court to-day. The order calls for a special panel of 200 talesmen for a special jury to appear in court on Monday, January 21st,

## GOOD TO HANG FOR HIS CRIME

Jury Brings in Verdict of Murder in First Degree-Slayer of Young Woman,

"I AM SORRY FOR THE JURY"

This is Condemned Man's Comment When Sentence is Passed Upon Him.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
LURAY, VA., January 10.—Charles
Good was convicted of the murder of his
sweetheart, Miss Fannie Stroop, in the
Circuit Court of Page county to-day, and
sentenced to be hanged March 8th for
the crime.
Good has been

Good has been on trial all the week, and the case was given to the jury last night about 9 o'clock. Good's nerve has been the wonder of all who have witnessed him throughout the trial, and to-day, soon after he was sentenced by Judge Haas, occurred the first sign he has shown of weakening. When asked if he had anything to say why the death sentence should not be passed upon him, Good replied:

"I shot Miss Stroop accidentally, and I feel sorry for any jury that would convict any man for such an offense."
His mother and sister did not reach

His mother and sister did not reach the court-room until after he was sen-

Mr. Isaac Comer, foreman of the jury, says that the first ballot taken by the jury was in favor of the verdict returned.

Never in the history of the county has a white man been hanged, and only three negroes. To-day's verdict gives universal satisfaction.

### PAYMASTER'S CLERK'S SENTENCE IS MODIFIED

WASHINGTON, January 10.—Secretary Motealf to-day took final action in the case of Paymaster's Clerk A. S. Porter, who was tried at the Boston Navy Yard for embezzling \$2,000 from the battleship Rhode Island, and for attempting to bribe navy-yard officials at Norfolk. This sentence was so far modified as to provide for a remission of the hard labor and a reduction of the term of imprisonment to two years, at the end of which time the dismissal is to take effect.

# PENNSY ASKS FOR

Management Wants Amount in the Near Future.

NEW YORK, January 19.—Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will be asked by the management of that company to authorize the issue probably or \$100,000,000 and although capital stock and \$100,000,000 in bonds. The question will come before the stockholders at their annual meeting on March 12th, according to an announcement made by the management to-day, it was stated that the company is not planning any large improvements beyond those already announced.

## SHARP RETORT TO CHARGES

Mr. Kennedy Returns and Makes Statement Before Committee.

### **EXPLAINS MATTER** AS TO THE HISTORY

Says No House from Which H€ Bought Books Made the Offer. Superintendent Eggleston Submits Powerful Argument in Favor of Single List.

Flery incidents and stormy colloquies ere following each other in quick succession in the schoolbook inquiry, and the

Librarian J. P. Kennedy occupied the stand for over an hour yesterday after-

stand for over an hour yesterday afternoon, and he entered sweeping denial of
most of the statements made concerning him on the previous day.

There was a sharp passage between
Chairman Byrd and the winces, which
at times bristled with biting invective,
Witness had vigorously denied that Putnam & Co, or any other firm with whom
the library had had dealings during his
incumbency had offered him \$5.500 te
write a history and had sent him a check
for \$500. He admitted that the offer
was made, howovar, but refused to disclose the name of the concern making
it, and sharply reminded the chairman
that he was prusent to refute statements,
and not to offer evidence.

This led them into a brief slegs of crossfiring, which was full of spirit while it
lasted.

The committee tools under adviserent

the matter of requiring an answer to the question, and some developments of in-terest along this line are expected when the body reconvenes this morning.

Mr. Kennedy was told to be in readiness to appear if desired by the committee, and he is expected to be the first wit-

### ness to-day. Two Long Sessions.

Two Long Sessions.

Two long sessions of the committee were held and were entirely consumed with the testimony of Superintendent Jos. D. Eggleston, Jr., and Mr. Kennedy, neither one having concluded.

The testimony of Mr. Eggleston was incality a very clear and able argument in favor of the single book list, in contradistinction to the multiple system of adoption, and he met forcefully and at time with great vigor the various contentions that have been advanced on the opposite side.

He demonstrated his proposition in many of its more important phases, but never with more clearness and simplicity than when he produced the books sold under the two methods and showed that

under the two methods and showed that in quality they were practically identical, while wide chasms lay between the prices. The superintendent was severe in his references to the evil and corrupting influences left in the path of book campagns, and he produced figures to show that the people are paying a great deal more for books now than they would if the single list prevailed.

Mr. Eggleston was questioned for the most part by Chairman Byrd, though Messrs, Cox and Strode interrogated him occasionally.

He left the stand at 4:20 P. M. to give way for Mr. Kennedy, and will re-sume when the latter concludes.

Librarian on Stand.

Mr. Kennedy arrived from Harrison-burg on the 3:45 P. M. Chesapeake and

Ohio train, and came directly to the Capitol after hurriedly gathering up some His testimony was to the nature of a statement, and he stood all the while and spoke at times with much earnest-ness. He was asked only two questions, one of which he declined to answer. So his examination has not really begun.

Witness dwelt upon the strict business mothods in his office, and declared that no sum of money over \$25 was ever spent without first obtaining the consent of without first obtaining the consent of the board.

He said that all bills were carefully checked up and audited, and that Special Accountant Boudar had recently gone over the books and found them in first-class

the books and found them in first-class order.

Bighty-two per cent, of all the money expended by him had been expended in Virginia. More would have remained heraland he been able to get what was needed. Witness said no one had a monopoly of the books furnished the library, and he could show that he had patronized one hundred and fifteen different firms.

He defied that he had spent \$15,000 for books for the library, and said \$3,500 would more than cover the amount, Coming to the question of the recent New York purchase, of which Mr. Bell complained, Mr. Kennedy said he was forced to another market than Richmond on account of circumstances. No firm here could furnish the books, and they must be had at once to meet the urgent demands for libraries.

He got the list from the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and his orders from the believed he had done better in New York where the present demands on the said one of the sound of the recent of the said of the said

the fibrary board.

He believed he had done better in New York than he could have done elsewhere. In speaking of department stores selling novels at a low figure, he said that this was done for advertising purposes, and that he had paid Mr. Bell, who made the complaint, \$1.08 for every novel he bought from him

Emphatic Denial.

at sheir annual meeting on March 12th, according to an announcement made by the management to-day. It was stated that the company is not planning any announced.

In the formal announcement which will be made, the stockholders of the Pennsylvania will be informed that while it may not be necessary to issue any new stock or bonds during the current year, the company desires to have the authority from its sharehelders to make, such an issue if circumstances require. The action is taken, the announcement will action is taken, the announcement will say, in view of the fact that the amount of capital stock already issued with that reserved for the conversion of the outstanding convertible bonds vary nearly approaches the full sum now authorized.

Emphatic Denial.

Sur, Kennedy was complate in his denial of Mr. Evans's atasement that ne (Kennedy had been set from whom 'the books were bought, had offered him \$2,500 to write a history of Virginia. Ho said he told Mr. Evans and others at the library that such an offer had been made; that a such an offer had been made; that a such an offer had been returned. "Mr. Evans and theat the such an offer had been returned. "Mr. Evans asked me," he said. "If the offer was from Pulnam, and I told him it was not."

Witness left entered another flat denial to the committee, and spoke at some length along the line that he had kept himself aloof from book concerns with which he had public business, so far as his private affairs were concerned.